

Department of Fish and Game Marine Region - Ocean Salmon Project

2010 Ocean Salmon Sampler Training

- 2010 Management
- 2009 Ocean Salmon Fishery
- Klamath River Fall Chinook
- Sacramento River Fall Chinook
- 2010 Salmon Sampling Procedures

Presentation to CRFS Samplers Santa Rosa, CA • Monterey, CA March 2010

Ocean Salmon Management Timeline



April 3 – Ocean salmon fishing opens south of Horse Mtn.

April 15 – PFMC adopts salmon season effective May 1

April 21 – F&G Commission adopts state water salmon season

Determining Ocean Salmon Fishing Seasons

- 1. Salmon fishing seasons are determined each year depending on how many fish are <u>caught</u> and how many return to <u>spawn</u>.
- 2. Age-2 fish (jacks) are used to forecast how many adults are still in the ocean (ocean abundance) and available to fishing.
- 3. The Salmon Advisory Sub-panel (<u>fishermen</u>!) recommends fishing seasons to the Pacific Fishery Management Council.
- 4. The Salmon Technical Team models the proposed seasons to determine if they meet <u>conservation objectives.</u>
- The Council chooses a fishing season option effective May 1. The F&G Commission ordinarily chooses the same ocean fishing season for state-waters.

Fishery Management Plan Conservation Objectives & 2010 National Marine Fisheries Service Guidance

Sacramento River Fall Chinook

Target 150,000 – 180,000 adults*

Klamath River Fall Chinook

- Target 40,700 adults spawning in natural areas*
- Restrict fall ocean fishing opportunity (Sep-Dec)*
- Spawner reduction rate not to exceed 66.7%
- California Coastal Chinook (Threatened)
 - KRFC Age-4 harvest rate not to exceed 16%

• Sacramento River winter Chinook (Endangered)

- Season opening and closing dates; minimum size limits
- 24" size limit and/or two consecutive month closure (May-Aug)*
- <u>Central Coast Coho</u> (Endangered) & S. Oregon/N. California
 Coho (Threatened) No retention in California





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California's 2009 Ocean Salmon Fishery

Presented by Marc Heisdorf Dept of Fish and Game

Ocean Salmon Project Objectives

- Estimate California's ocean salmon harvest & fishing effort for each fishery by management area & half month periods
- Determine coded wire tagged (CWT) salmon contribution

Private Skiffs

- Sample 20% or more of all landings in each management area
- Random stratified sampling program with weekend and weekday strata
- Sampling unit: 100% of all skiff landings in a day at a sample port
- Commercial Passenger Fishing Vessel (CPFV)
 - Sample 20% or more of all landings in each management area
 - Sampling unit: 100% of each CPFV landing

2009 Klamath Management Zone Aug 29 – Sep 7 Recreational Salmon Fishery

Samplers Observed:

- 1,864 Salmon Anglers
- 251 Landed Chinook
- 38 Adipose Fin Clips





Estimated Catch and Effort:

- 5,359 Salmon Anglers
- 672 Chinook Landed

Comparison of Recreational September KMZ Historical Catch and Effort, 2003 – 2009



2009 KMZ CPFV and Skiff Catch and Effort Comparison





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Klamath Basin Chinook Salmon Spawning Escapement Age Composition Ocean Abundance Forecast

Salmon Information Public Meeting Santa Rosa, CA • February 25, 2010 Jennifer Simon

Klamath and Trinity River Basins



Klamath River Fall Chinook Total Spawning Escapement, 1978-2009



Klamath River Fall Chinook Harvest & Spawning Escapement, 2000-2009



Sport Harvest Quota: 30,800 Adults 2009 Adult Harvest: 5,575 **Tribal Harvest** Quota: 30,900 Adults 2009 Adult Harvest: 28,387 Hatchery Spawners 2009 Adults: 19,614

Natural Spawners 2009 Adults: 44,589

Klamath River Fall Chinook Age Composition, 2009

		A		Total	Total	
	2	3	4	5	Adults	Run
Hatchery Spawners						
Iron Gate Hatchery	1,229	8,982	3,184	97	12,263	13,492
Trinity River Hatchery	<u>143</u>	6,867	444	<u>39</u>	<u>7,351</u>	<u>7,494</u>
Hatchery Spawners subtotal	1,372	15,849	3,628	136	19,614 19%	20,986
Natural Area Spawners						
Klamath Basin subtotal	1,948	22,842	3,558	1,345	27,743	29,691
Trinity Basin subtotal	<u>6,165</u>	13,724	<u>2,153</u>	<u>969</u>	<u>16,846</u>	<u>23,011</u>
Natural Spawners subtotal	8,113	36,566	5,711	2,314	44,589	52,702
Recreational Harvest					++ /0	4770
Klamath River harvest	2,033	4,050	605	166	4,820	6,853
Trinity River harvest	<u>182</u>	<u>605</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>755</u>	<u>937</u>
Recreational Harvest subtotal	2,215	4,655	696	225	5,575 <u>6%</u>	7,790 7%
Tribal Harvest						
Klamath River harvest	82	16,603	5,142	2,489	24,234	24,316
Trinity River harvest	<u>96</u>	<u>3,217</u>	<u>689</u>	<u>247</u>	<u>4,153</u>	4,249
Tribal Harvest subtotal	178	19,820	5,831	2,736	28,387 28%	28,565 25%
Klamath Fall Chinook Run	11,938 11%	78,708 70%	16,387 15%	5,653 5%	100,747	112,686

Klamath River Fall Chinook 2010 Ocean Abundance Forecast



Rive	<u>r Return</u>	<u>Oce</u>	an Abundance	
Age	Number	Regression	Ocean Age	Forecast
2	11,938	Age-2 * 18.71	3	223,400
3	78,708	Age-3 * 1.350	4	106,300
4	16,387	Age-4 * 0.113	5	1,800
			Total	331,500



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2009 Central Valley Chinook Escapement Estimates

Presented by Joseph Duran

The Central Valley



Other Central Valley Chinook Stocks Escapement Estimates, 1990 – 2009



a/ Change in methodology from RBDD counts to carcass survey in 2001.

Sacramento River Fall Chinook Adult Spawning Escapement, 1970-2009



Sacramento River Fall Chinook Escapement Estimates, 1990 - 2009



Sacramento Index = Harvest + Escapement



Sacramento River Fall Chinook 2010 Index of Ocean Abundance



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Constant Fractional Marking California's Chinook Salmon - Implications for CRFS Sampling -

What is a Coded-Wire Tag?





What is Constant Fractional Marking?

- 25% hatchery reared fall Chinook are <u>ad-clipped</u> and <u>coded-wire tagged</u>
- AutoFish System can mark and tag 350,000 salmon per day
- California hatcheries release over 42 million fall Chinook each year





CFM allows biologists to:

- track fishery harvest rates
- calculate hatchery-natural proportions

How will CFM effect sampling?



OSP samplers will help CRFS samplers collect salmon heads!

- Expect to see more adipose fin clipped salmon
- Expect to collect more salmon heads





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Primary Private and Rental Sampling Procedures

PR1 Form – Header Information

2009 PR1 FO 5 you miles a boat,	RM - CALIFORNIA RECREATIS telly as missed boats with your current sam	DNAL FIS photost 70	HERY SUR thrview refuse	NEY (CRF8) dateo place 77 in	sou zon Page	of		COUNTS onsite offsile
ASSN ID	DATE	CNTY	8ITE	08P port	SAMPLER NAME	SAMPLER #	8TART 8TOP	

- Fill out on each page
- Page numbers
 - Please fill out as you go: especially important with double-sided sheets

• Start and stop trailer counts

- First arriving sampler: Count the number of on-site trailers you believe are fishing
- Last departing sampler: Count the remaining fishing trailers if boats' activities are known, please note
- Offsite trailer counts:

PR1 Sample Site	Off-Site Trailer Count
Noyo LR Fort Bragg (FTB)	S. Harbor (Coast Guard)
Westside LR Bodega (BOD)	Doran LR
Berkeley Marina (BER)	Emeryville LR
Moss Landing LR (MOS)	Woodward LR

PR1 Form – Effort Data

- CRFS #'s are unique and sequential
 - NF boats do not get a CRFS #
- Time is recorded uniquely
- Number of anglers is a 2part question:
 - How many people were fishing?
 - Unlicensed anglers are a subset of total number of anglers
- Record the number of days spent fishing
- Home county and zip code

				EFFORT			
		BOAT	ANGS	HOME	TARGET	ARA	GER
	CRFS	TIME	fshd unlic	county	First	First	First
	#	2400	days F	zip	Second	Sec	Sec
A							

• Target species

- Use SALCK for salmon target
- Please record any shellfish targets
- Area spent most time fishing for target species
 - May not have caught fish in this area
- Gear used for target species
 - Salmon gear: Troll, Mooch, Both mooch and troll

PR1 Form – Effort Data

• Missed boats

- Onsite: Count the number of boats missed
- Record "R" for refusals
- Select Offsite Locations: Count the number of fishing boats going to offsite marinas

PR1 Sample Site	Off-site Missed
Fields Landing (FLD)	King Salmon
Noyo LR Fort Bragg (FTB)	Dolphin Isl.
Westside LR Bodega (BOD)	Bodega Bay Marinas
Berkeley Marina (BER)	Berkeley Marina
Santa Cruz (SCR)	Upper Harbor
Moss Landing LR (MOS)	Moss Landing Marina



PR1 Form – Catch Data

		C	AT	СН		SIZE				
	KEPT	RELS		SPECIES LOC	BOTM		Fork	lengths ((mm)	
SPECIES	obsvd	alive	seal	of effort if no catch	Depth		Wgt (decin	nal kg) or	head tag #	ŧ
	unobs	dead	take	Block-box Lat/Lon	(ft)	1	2	3	4	5

• Catch Species

- Please note unusual or prohibited catch
- All salmon onboard should be observed please note unobserved salmon

Species Location

- Record location of catch or location of effort if no catch
- 1 block per line; 3 boxes per block
- Bottom Depth (ft)
- Fork Length (mm)
 - Please note if fish is outside normal size range or sub-legal
- Headtag number of adipose fin clipped salmon (circled)

PR1 Form – Page Summary

- These are <u>page</u> subtotals
- This data will be used for the summary at the bottom of the ASF



PAGE SUM DATA												
	BOATS	ANGS	KING	СОНО	KING	COHO	TAG	SEAL	OBS	UNOBS	OBS	UNOBS
	SALI	MON	KE	РТ	RELE	ASED	COUNT	TAKE	RF	YEY	RFC	COW

Salmon Head Recovery and Headtags

- **Inspect all salmon for** adipose fin clip
 - Each salmon with an adipose finclip is issued a uniquely numbered headtag
- **Record the headtag number** and fork length
 - Circle headtag number
- Attach the headtag to the lacksquarelower jaw – remove the head
 - Cut 1" behind the eyes
 - Try not to remove flesh or gills
- Place head in a zip-top bag
 - Headtag faces outward

Please use your own headtags in order



Salmon Head Refusal

• Each adipose fin clipped salmon is issued a headtag!

• What should I do if the angler won't let me take the head?

- Educate the angler about the scientific importance of collecting CWTs to salmon management.
- Offer to provide information back to the angler for this fish through the courtesy program.
- Remind the angler that Section 8226 requires him/her to turn over the head of an adipose fin clipped salmon to a department representative.

• Still refuses to give you the head?

- Attach the headtag to the fish if possible point out the address and phone number on the tag
- Record "NRS" (<u>Non-Recovered Species</u>) next to the headtag number on your datasheet
- Write NRS on the back of the headtag, place in a zip-top bag, and store it with the other heads
- Please comment on NRS

Courtesy Headtags

2/28/2008

- If you are approached with an adipose fin clipped salmon or head that is outside your sample:
 - Assign a courtesy tag to the head
 - Record this number on a "green card" and give it to the angler
- The green card has instructions to mail it to OSP Santa Rosa
 - The angler will receive information about the fish at the end of the year



Inventory and Freeze Salmon Heads

- Check that the heads you have match what you have recorded on your datasheet
- Record the series of headtags used that day on your ASF and Headtag Report Sheet
 - Include any NRS tags recorded as well
- After inventorying heads, place them in large bag
 - Record name, date, and headtags in the bag on an inventory tag; Securely tie inventory tag to the large bag – OR –
 - Keep a running tally of heads in the bag on a waterproof piece of paper instead of using the inventory tag

Store the heads in a freezer

- See your CRFS manual for drop-off locations or store at home

Now
s in .
S.

IE:	Jane Doe	2008 (L	CRFS HE	ADTAG REPO NUMERICAL order) PORT:	ORT SER	ES#: Q	-99
g#	MM / DD / YY	Port	Mode	Headtag#	MM/DD/YY	Port	Mode
0				50			
1	_/_/			51			
2				52	1 1		
-		S1052 - 10	2000 01 00			10. O	- 00 D

CRFS and Salmon Sampler Coordination

• Salmon samplers will be assigned to <u>assist</u> CRFS samplers

- Salmon samplers will only be responsible for collecting heads from adipose fin clipped fish during PR1 samples
- Salmon samplers may help with other duties as time allows

• Salmon samplers will record on a separate form if needed

- Salmon samplers will ask you for the CRFS boat number It is crucial that this number is correct!
- Any headtag data recorded on salmon forms will be transcribed to the PR1 form - All data is to be recorded on the PR1 form

				C	OCEAN Ocea	I SALN an Salmo	NON SI	POR I FISHING DA t - CDFG Marine Region	TA		
Circle One:	Charter	boats	Skiffs								
Salmon Samp	oler:							OSP Port:		Page _	of
CRFS Sample	er(s):							Assn ID:		Date:_	//
CRFS #	Salmon	Landed		Gear	# Sa	# Salmon		Salmo	on		CPFV Name & Number
(sampler	#	#	#	(circlo)	Rele	ased	Take	Headtag	Data		
initiais)	Kings	Cohos	Anglers	(circle)	Kgs/?	Coho	# fish	Tag #	FL(mm)	NRS*	NOTES
				т м							
()				В							

Assignment Summary Form

				sampler I	D	DATE		ASSN ID	ASSN N	NODE C	LUSTER	HOURS	
													TRAVEL
							0.0hr =	58-3 mins		ASS	N DISP		SAMPLIN
z							0.2hr = 0.3 hr	= 10-15 mins		ODO) END		EDIT
MME							0.4hr = 0.5hr =	= 22-27 mins		ODO	O START		NON-ASS
8							0.6hr = 0.7hr =	= 34-39 mins		MIL	EAGE		LEAVE
			-				0.8hr =	= 46-51 mins		EXF	PENSES		TOTAL
STR	CRFS	TOTAL	TOTAL	SALM	SALM	KING	соно	KING	COHO	TAG	SEAL	MISSD	OFF
5	BOATS	BOATS	ANGS	BOATS	ANGS	KEPT	KEPT	RELS	RELS	COUNT	TAKE	BOATS	SITE

- Note any unusual occurrences in the comment section
- Record headtags used on this day
 - If using a head drop-off freezer, record the location, tag series and the date
- Sum each PR1 page total and record summary in footer
 - Please use a calculator if necessary
- Notice there is no place to record start or stop trailer counts... do not add these counts into ASF salmon summary boxes

Monday Protocol – 10:00 am

Provide your supervisor with a summary of that week's data

- Use the provided Excel template (if possible)
- Find this information in the header and at the bottom of the ASF
- Include a summary of non-PR1 modes when heads were collected

• Mail forms to your supervisor

Include a copy of your headtag report (not the original)



Flow of Adipose Fin-Clipped Salmon Heads and Associated Data

