California Environmental Protection Agency
Air Resources Board

Top 4 Summary: Highest 4 Daily 24-Hour PM10 Averages

at Los Angeles-Westchester Parkway

iADAM

	2012		2013		2014	
	Date	24-Hr Average	Date	24-Hr Average	Date	24-Hr Average
National:						
First High:	Mar 10	31.0	Apr 16	38.0	Jan 23	46.0
Second High:	Apr 3	30.0	Jul 9	35.0	Apr 29	40.0
Third High:	May 9	30.0	May 22	34.0	May 11	36.0
Fourth High:	Jun 8	30.0	May 4	29.0	Jan 5	35.0
California:						
First High:	Mar 10	30.0	Apr 16	37.0	Jan 23	45.0
Second High:	Apr 3	29.0	May 22	34.0	Apr 29	40.0
Third High:	May 9	29.0	Jul 9	34.0	May 11	36.0
Fourth High:	Jun 8	29.0	May 4	29.0	Jan 5	35.0
National:						
Estimated # Days > 24-Hour Std:		0.0		0.0		0.0
Measured # Days > 24-						

Hour Std:	0	0	0
3-Yr Avg Est # Days > 24-Hr Std:	0.0	0.0	0.0
Annual Average:	*19.8*	*20.8*	*22.1*
3-Year Average:	*21*	*21*	*21*
California:			
Estimated # Days > 24-Hour Std:	0.0	*	0.0
Measured # Days > 24-Hour Std:	0	0	0
Annual Average:	19.6	*	21.9
3-Year Maximum Annual Average:	21	21	22
Year Coverage:	96	85	100

Notes:

Daily PM10 averages and related statistics are available at Los Angeles-Westchester Parkway between 2004 and 2014. Some years in this range may not be represented.

All averages expressed in micrograms per cubic meter.

The national annual average PM10 standard was revoked in December 2006 and is no longer in effect. Statistics related to the revoked standard are shown in *italics* or *italics* .

An exceedance of a standard is not necessarily related to a violation of the standard.

All values listed above represent midnight-to-midnight 24-hour averages and may be related to an exceptional event.

State and national statistics may differ for the following reasons:

- State statistics are based on California approved samplers, whereas national statistics are based on samplers using federal reference or equivalent methods. State and national statistics may therefore be based on different samplers.
- State statistics for 1998 and later are based on local conditions (except for sites in the South Coast Air Basin, where State statistics for 2002 and later are based on local conditions). National statistics are based on standard conditions.
- State criteria for ensuring that data are sufficiently complete for calculating valid annual averages are more stringent than the national criteria.

Measurements are usually collected every six days. Measured days counts the days that a measurement was greater than the level of the standard; Estimated days mathematically estimates how many days concentrations would have been greater than the level of the standard had each day been monitored.

3-Year statistics represent the listed year and the 2 years before the listed year.

Year Coverage indicates the extent to which available monitoring data represent the time of the year when concentrations are expected to be highest. 0 means that data represent none of the high period; 100 means that data represent the entire high period. A high Year Coverage does not mean that there was sufficient data for annual

statistics to be considered valid.

* means there was insufficient data available to determine the value.

Available Pollutants:

8-Hour Ozone | Hourly Ozone | PM2.5 | PM10 | Carbon Monoxide | Nitrogen Dioxide | State Sulfur Dioxide | Hydrogen Sulfide